**Video Title:** Planning Your Week in Spanish: Lesson 4 - Days and Months for Beginners

**Video Script:**

**(Intro Scene - Relaxing, calendar-themed music playing, visuals of flipping calendar pages, maybe images of different seasons or clocks.)**

**Narrator (Friendly, patient voice):** ¡Hola, estudiantes de español! Welcome to Lesson 4! Today, we're learning about **Days of the Week and Months** in Spanish. Knowing these words will help you make plans, talk about your schedule, and understand time in Spanish-speaking cultures. Let's get started and learn to navigate time in Spanish!

**(Scene 1: Days of the Week - Visuals: A weekly calendar appears on screen starting with Monday, each day highlighting as it is mentioned, with the Spanish day name and pronunciation clearly displayed.)**

**Narrator:** First, let's learn the days of the week. In many Spanish-speaking countries, the week officially starts on Monday! And in Spanish, the days of the week are **not capitalized**, which is a little different from English. Let's go through them.

* **(Visual: "Lunes")** **Narrator:** "Lunes." Repeat: "Lunes." This is **Monday**.
* **(Visual: "Martes")** **Narrator:** "Martes." Repeat: "Martes." **Tuesday**.
* **(Visual: "Miércoles")** **Narrator:** "Miércoles." Repeat: "Miércoles." **Wednesday**. Notice the accent mark on the "é"? It’s important for pronunciation!
* **(Visual: "Jueves")** **Narrator:** "Jueves." Repeat: "Jueves." **Thursday**.
* **(Visual: "Viernes")** **Narrator:** "Viernes." Repeat: "Viernes." **Friday**.
* **(Visual: "Sábado")** **Narrator:** "Sábado." Repeat: "Sábado." **Saturday**. Accent mark again on the "á".
* **(Visual: "Domingo")** **Narrator:** "Domingo." Repeat: "Domingo." **Sunday**.

**Narrator:** Let's say them all together one more time! Lunes, martes, miércoles, jueves, viernes, sábado, domingo. Practice these! You'll notice many sound a bit like planets or celestial names – that's because they are!

**(Visual: A quick visual pop-up showing the etymology link for days of the week - e.g., 'Lunes' from 'Luna' (Moon), 'Martes' from Mars, etc. - just briefly and visually interesting, not too detailed.)**

**Narrator:** Fun fact: Many of the Spanish days of the week are named after planets and Roman gods! "Lunes" comes from "Luna" (Moon), "Martes" from Mars, and so on.

**(Scene 2: Weekends vs. Weekdays - Visuals: Separate "Weekdays" (Lunes-Viernes) and "Weekend" (Sábado-Domingo) groupings, maybe with different background colors or imagery to visually separate them.)**

**Narrator:** Now, in Spanish, we often talk about "weekdays" and "weekends."

* **(Visual: "Los días de semana" - Weekdays (Lunes to Viernes))** **Narrator:** "Los días de semana." Repeat: "Los días de semana." This means **"the weekdays"** or **"weekdays in general."** It usually refers to Monday to Friday.
* **(Visual: "El fin de semana" - Weekend (Sábado and Domingo) imagery, maybe relaxed weekend scenes.)** **Narrator:** "El fin de semana." Repeat: "El fin de semana." This is **"the weekend."** "Fin de semana" literally means "end of week."

**Narrator:** So, if you're talking about weekdays, you can say "días de semana," and for the weekend, "fin de semana."

**(Scene 3: Months of the Year - Visuals: A year calendar appears, each month highlighting as mentioned, with Spanish month name and pronunciation clearly shown. Perhaps seasonal imagery could subtly change with each month.)**

**Narrator:** Next, let's move on to the months of the year. There are twelve months, just like in English. And in Spanish, just like days of the week, months are also **not capitalized**.

* **(Visual: "Enero")** **Narrator:** "Enero." Repeat: "Enero." **January**.
* **(Visual: "Febrero")** **Narrator:** "Febrero." Repeat: "Febrero." **February**.
* **(Visual: "Marzo")** **Narrator:** "Marzo." Repeat: "Marzo." **March**.
* **(Visual: "Abril")** **Narrator:** "Abril." Repeat: "Abril." **April**.
* **(Visual: "Mayo")** **Narrator:** "Mayo." Repeat: "Mayo." **May**.
* **(Visual: "Junio")** **Narrator:** "Junio." Repeat: "Junio." **June**.
* **(Visual: "Julio")** **Narrator:** "Julio." Repeat: "Julio." **July**.
* **(Visual: "Agosto")** **Narrator:** "Agosto." Repeat: "Agosto." **August**.
* **(Visual: "Septiembre")** **Narrator:** "Septiembre." Repeat: "Septiembre." **September**.
* **(Visual: "Octubre")** **Narrator:** "Octubre." Repeat: "Octubre." **October**.
* **(Visual: "Noviembre")** **Narrator:** "Noviembre." Repeat: "Noviembre." **November**.
* **(Visual: "Diciembre")** **Narrator:** "Diciembre." Repeat: "Diciembre." **December**.

**Narrator:** Let's say them all together again! Enero, febrero, marzo, abril, mayo, junio, julio, agosto, septiembre, octubre, noviembre, diciembre. Many of these sound quite similar to English, making them a bit easier to remember!

**(Scene 4: Grammar Tips - Visuals: Simple sentences appear on screen illustrating grammar points, with text highlighting the prepositions and articles being discussed.)**

**Narrator:** A few quick grammar tips when using days and months in Spanish.

* **(Visual: "Days of the week are masculine.")** **Narrator:** Days of the week are generally considered **masculine** in Spanish. So, when you say "the Monday," you'll use "el lunes."
* **(Visual: "El lunes voy al mercado." - On Monday, I go to the market.)** **Narrator:** For example, "El lunes voy al mercado." "On Monday, I go to the market." Notice "El lunes"—**"El" is the masculine definite article**, "the."
* **(Visual: "Months are also masculine.")** **Narrator:** Months are also **masculine**.
* **(Visual: "En enero hace frío." - In January, it's cold.)** **Narrator:** When talking about something happening *in* a month, you often use "**en**" which means "in" or "on." For example, "En enero hace frío." "In January, it's cold."
* **(Visual: "No article needed with months after 'en' or 'de'.")** **Narrator:** Good news! When using "en" (in) or "de" (of/from) before a month, you usually **don't need to use "el"**.
* **(Visual: "Estamos en mayo." - We are in May.)** **Narrator:** "Estamos en mayo." "We are in May." Just "en mayo," not "en el mayo."

**Narrator:** These are just some basic points to get you started. Don't worry about mastering everything at once, just being aware of these tips helps!

**(Scene 5: Practice and Usage - Visuals: Questions appearing on screen prompting viewers to answer, maybe images representing different days or months.)**

**Narrator:** Let's practice! I'll ask you some simple questions. Try to answer out loud in Spanish using the days and months we've learned.

* **(Visual: Question: "¿Qué día es hoy?")** **Narrator:** "¿Qué día es hoy?" "What day is today?" (Pause for viewers to think/answer). Today is... [Say today's day in Spanish].
* **(Visual: Question: "¿En qué mes estamos?")** **Narrator:** "¿En qué mes estamos?" "In what month are we?" (Pause). We are in... [Say current month in Spanish].
* **(Visual: Question: "¿Qué día de la semana te gusta más? ¿Por qué?")** **Narrator:** A bit more challenging: "¿Qué día de la semana te gusta más? ¿Por qué?" "What day of the week do you like most? Why?" (Pause - encourage viewers to try and answer even with just the day name). Maybe you like "el sábado" (Saturday) or "el domingo" (Sunday) – "porque... [because...]” – even just saying "porque es el fin de semana" (because it's the weekend) is great practice!

**(Outro Scene - Calendar visual again, music swells.)**

**Narrator:** ¡Excelente trabajo! You’ve learned the days of the week and months in Spanish! Keep practicing their pronunciation and try to use them in your everyday thoughts. Think about what day it is, what month is coming up, in Spanish! In our next lesson... [Tease next lesson topic]. ¡Adiós y hasta pronto! (Goodbye and see you soon!)

**(Visual: End screen with lesson title, course name, call to action: "Practice saying days and months!", links to calendar resources, games, and social media.)**

**(End of Video)**